

SAFETY DATA SHEET T-11 Gloss Dressing All Purpose Dressing

Specializing in Professional Automotive/Marine Appearance and Reconditioning Products

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: T-11 Gloss Dressing

Synonym(s): Hydrocarbon/polydimethylsiloxane mixture

Product code(s): T-11-5, T-11-55

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General use: Dressing and protectant for tires, rubber, vinyl, leather and plastic products

Uses advised against: Not recommended for use on engine or motor parts or on surfaces under the hood of a vehicle

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor CarKem Products, Inc. 4275 Johns Parkway

Sanford, FL 32771 USA

+1-713-468-5846; +1-866-576-5846

1.4 Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC, +1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 2 [H225] Aspiration Hazard - Category 1 [H304] Acute Toxicity, Dermal - Category 5 [H313]

Skin Irritation - Category 2 [H315]

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation - Category 4 [H332]

Single Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3; STOT SE 3 [H336]

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2 [H361FD] Aquatic Toxicity, Chronic - Category 2 [H411]

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol(s):









Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin

H315 - Causes skin irritation H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361FD - Suspected of damaging fertility and the unborn child

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements:

[Prevention] P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 + P242 - Use explosion proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 - Avoid breathing fumes, mist and vapor.

P264 - Wash hands and other exposed skin areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{P280}}$ - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

[Response] P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

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P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P321 + P312 - Specific treatment: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.

P391 - Collect spillage.

[Storage] P405 + P403 + P233 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

[Disposal] P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
< 80	Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum),	64742-48-9	265-150-3	649-327-00-6	H226, H304
	Hydrotreated Heavy				
< 35	Polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	213-915-7		

As per paragraph (i) of 29 CFR 1910.1200, formulation is considered a trade secret and specific chemical identity and exact percentage (concentration) of composition may have been withheld. Specific chemical identity and exact percentage composition will be provided to health professionals, employees, or designated representatives in accordance with the applicable provisions of paragraph (i).

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Skin: Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential health symptoms and effects

Eyes: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include inflammation, pain, tearing and blurred vision. Vapor or mist may cause eye irritation.

Skin: Causes skin irritation with localized redness, itching and discomfort. Prolonged contact with unprotected skin may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation with headache, cough and shortness of breath. May cause nausea, vomiting, drowsiness, dizziness, anesthetic effects, narcosis, fatigue, cyanosis, apnea and cardiac arrest. May cause depression of the central nervous system and other central nervous system effects including incoordination, impaired performance, speech difficulties, unconsciousness, coma and death. Prolonged and repeated inhalation may cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. May cause liver and kidney damage. Inhalation of vapor and mist may damage fertility and the unborn child. Effects may be delayed.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Causes irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhea. Causes dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, headache and unconsciousness. May cause central nervous system depression with effects similar to those of acute inhalation. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting causing lung inflammation and chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal. Symptoms of aspiration into the lungs include coughing, gasping, choking, shortness of breath, bluish colored skin, rapid breathing and rapid heart rate.

Effective Date: 22 December 2018 T-11 Gloss Dressing **Chronic**: Individuals with pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin, dermatitis or aggravate existing skin conditions. Chronic inhalation can damage the central nervous system. Impaired central nervous system functions from pre-existing disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. May have a deleterious effect on pre-existing respiratory disorders such as asthma. Chronic exposure may cause damage to the liver and kidneys. Exposure to this product may damage fertility or the unborn child. Effects may be delayed. Refer to Section 11.2.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. Organic solvents may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and cause permanent damage to the nervous system, including the brain. Chronic solvent abuse (e.g. sniffing solvents such as those contained in this product) has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and potential cardiac arrest.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Administration of adsorbents such as activated charcoal may be of value. Gastric lavage may be effective when performed by a physician within 4 hours of ingestion. This material is an aspiration hazard. Potential danger from aspiration must be weighed against possible oral toxicity when deciding whether to induce vomiting.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable methods of extinction: None known

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable liquid and vapor! Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Exposure to ignition sources (e.g. cell phones) can ignite vapors, causing a flash fire. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

Explosion hazards: Avoid sources of ignition. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air, especially in confined spaces. Ground and bond containers in storage and when container is in use.

5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Be aware that burning liquid may float on water. Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spills create a slip hazard.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

DO NOT FLUSH SPILL DOWN THE DRAIN. Approach spill from upwind direction. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal in accordance with local regulations.

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light is classified as oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and under the Oil Pollution Act (OPA). In the USA discharges or spills of material on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residue. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder grind or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep out of reach of children.

7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
68410-97-9	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated		200 ppm - 8 h TWA	
	light, low boiling			

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

Individual protection measures: Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

Individual protection measures: Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

Hygiene measures: Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

Hand protection: Wear gloves recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Skin protection: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection







SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid
Odor Solvent, characteristic
Odor Threshold No data available
Molecular Weight Not applicable
Chemical Formula Not applicable
pH No data available

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Freezing/Melting Point No data available

Boiling Point Range > 100 C (> 212 °F) [estimated]

Evaporation Rate No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flash Point > 15 °C (> 59 °F) [estimated]

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availableLower Explosive Limit (LEL)No data availableUpper Explosive Limit (UEL)No data availableVapor PressureNo data availableVapor DensityNo data available

Specific Gravity 0.7514 - 0.7514 [calculated]

Viscosity

Solubility in Water

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Oxidizing Properties

Explosive Properties

Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C

No data available
log Pow = > 4
Not applicable
Not applicable
> 75%

9.2 Other Data

No data available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No special reactivity has been reported during normal conditions of handling and use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid temperature extremes, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products may include oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity

LD₅₀, rat: > 5,000 mg/kg [estimated]

Acute inhalation toxicity

 LC_{50} , rat: > 7.77 mg/m³, 4 h [calculated]

Acute dermal toxicity

LD₅₀, rabbit: > 2,800 mg/kg [estimated]

Skin irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Sensitization

No data available

Genotoxicity in vitro

No data available

Mutagenicity

No data available

Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

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Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.

11.2 Further information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to light petroleum products with irreversible brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (CAS #68410-97-9) is suspected of damaging fertility and the unborn child. Adverse symptoms of exposure to may include reduced fetal weight, increased fetal mortality rate and skeletal malformations.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to the 0.1% threshold (de minimis) is identified as a probable, possible, potential or confirmed carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

This product is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects in the environment. The discharge of small or large quantities of this product to the environment should be avoided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is expected to biodegrade over time.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

Distillates (Petroleum) Hydrotreated Light has the potential to bioaccumulate.

Polydimethylsiloxane degrades in soil abiotically to form smaller molecules, which in turn are either biodegraded in soil or volatilized into the air where they are broken down in the presence of sunlight. Under appropriate conditions, the ultimate degradation products are inorganic silica, carbon dioxide and water vapor. Due to the very low water solubility of this component, standard OECD protocols for ready and inherent biodegradability are not suitable for measuring the biodegradability of this material. It is removed >80% during sewage treatment process.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

12.6 Other effects

Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to enter surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way via a licensed pharmaceutical waste contractor and in accordance with FDA and DEA regulations. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis) RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

Limited quantity for flammable liquids Packing Group II when inner packagings are not over 1.0 liters (0.3 gallons) net capacity each, packed in a strong outer packaging.

USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk and Non-bulk

Proper Shipping Name Petroleum products, n.o.s. (Petroleum Distillates)

| Hazard Class | 3 | UN/NA | UN1268 | Packing Group | II | NEAREG | Guide #128

Packaging Authorization Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.202; Bulk: 173.242

Packaging Exceptions 49 CFR 173.150

IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name Petroleum products, n.o.s. (Petroleum Distillates)

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 UN/NA
 UN1268

 Packing Group
 II

 Marine Pollutant
 No

 EMS Number
 F-E, S-E

ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name Petroleum products, n.o.s. (Petroleum Distillates)

 Hazard Class
 3

 UN/NA
 UN1268

 Packing Group
 II

Quantity Limitations 49 CFR 175.27 and 175.75 - Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 I; Passenger Aircraft: 5 I

RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)

Proper Shipping Name Petroleum products, n.o.s. (Petroleum Distillates)

 Hazard Class
 3

 UN/NA
 UN1268

 Packing Group
 II

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number Not listed

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number: Not listed

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard, Acute health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Information: None of the components of this product are subject to the reporting levels established by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains no CERCLA reportable substances.

Clean Air Act (CAA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 ozone depletors.

This product does not contain Class 2 ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Substances listed under the CWA.

This product does not contain any Priority Pollutants.

This product does not contain any Toxic pollutants.

Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light is classified as oil under Section 311 of the CWA and the Oil Pollution Act (OPA) of 1990:

U.S. State Regulations

California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

WARNING: This product may expose you to Benzene (< 5 ppm), which is known to the state of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other U.S. State Inventories

None of the components of this product are listed on any State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists.

Canada

WHMIS Hazard Classification

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes eye irritation

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): None of the components of this product are listed on the NPRI.

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European Economic Community

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 2 (hazardous to waters)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



C = safety glasses, gloves and an apron

HMIS Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

* = Chronic Health Hazard

NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = High 4 = Extreme

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) **Flammability**

Special





Abbreviation Key

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	LD_Lo	Lowest Lethal Dose
Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning		Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
the international transport of dangerous goods by road)		
Chemical Abstract Services	NA	North America
Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
Chemicals (GHS)		
Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
International Maritime Dangerous Goods	voc	Volatile Organic Compounds
International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by road) Chemical Abstract Services Code of Federal Regulations Cleveland Open Cup Department of Transportation Half maximal effective concentration Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Environmental Protection Agency Reduction of Growth Rate Emergency Response Guide Book Food and Drug Administration Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Hazard Communication Standard International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration International Civil Aviation Organization Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health International Maritime Dangerous Goods International Maritime Organization	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by road) Chemical Abstract Services Code of Federal Regulations Cleveland Open Cup Department of Transportation Half maximal effective concentration Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Environmental Protection Agency Reduction of Growth Rate Emergency Response Guide Book Food and Drug Administration Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) Hazard Communication Standard International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration International Civil Aviation Organization International Maritime Dangerous Goods International Maritime Dranization Voc International Maritime Organization VPVB

50% Lethal Dose **DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY**

The information herein is given in good faith and is believed to be accurate and correct; however, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made. CarKem Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage that may arise from the use of this material since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the suitability of this information for the adoption of the safety precautions as may be necessary. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State and local laws and regulations regarding use of this product. Vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material. We reserve the right to revise Safety Data Sheets from time to time as new technical information becomes available. The user has the responsibility to contact the company to make sure that the Safety Data Sheet is the latest issue.

Revision date: 22 December 2018, Version 3 Supersedes SDS dated: 02 May 2014, Version 2

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