

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Nylon Spotter

Specializing in Professional Automotive/Marine Appearance and Reconditioning Products

# **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Nylon Spotter

Product code(s): NS Synonym(s): Xylenes, mixed

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**General use:** Upholstery spot remover **Uses advised against:** None known

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor CarKem Products, Inc. 4275 Johns Parkway Sanford, FL 32771 USA

+1-713-468-5846; +1-866-576-5846

1.4 Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC, +1-800-424-9300

# **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 3 [H226] Acute Toxicity, Oral - Category 5 [H303] Aspiration Hazard - Category 1 [H304] Acute Toxicity, Dermal - Category 4 [H312]

Skin Irritation - Category 2 [H315]

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation - Category 4 [H332]

Single Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3; STOT SE 3 [H336]

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2 [H361D]

Single Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure - Category 2; STOT RE 2 [H373]

Aquatic Toxicity, Chronic - Category 3 [H412]

# 2.2 Label elements

# Hazard symbol(s):







Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H303 - May be harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness H361D - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to the auditory system through prolonged and repeated exposure

H412 - Harmful to aquatic organisms with long lasting effects

# Precautionary statements:

[Prevention] P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 + P242 - Use explosion proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe fumes, mist and vapor.

P264 - Wash hands and other exposed skin areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

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[Response] P301 + P311 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304 + P310 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P321 - Specific treatment: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Refer to Section 4 of this SDS.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.

[Storage] P405 + P403 + P233 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

[Disposal] P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

# 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Suspected of causing cancer.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
10 - 90	Xylenes	1330-20-7	215-535-7	601-022-00-9	H226, H312, H315, H332
10 - 19	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	202-849-4	601-023-00-4	H225, H304, H332, H411
0 - 0.5	Toluene	108-88-3	203-625-9	601-021-00-3	H225, H304, H315, H336, H361D, H373

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

# **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

**Skin:** Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential health symptoms and effects

Eyes: Causes eye irritation with inflammation, discomfort, tearing and blurred vision. Vapor or mist can cause eye irritation.

**Skin:** Causes skin irritation with localized redness, itching and discomfort. Prolonged contact with unprotected skin may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis. Prolonged contact may cause chemical burns and blistering. Harmful if absorbed through the skin.

**Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation with headache, cough and shortness of breath. May cause nausea, vomiting, drowsiness, dizziness, anesthetic effects, narcosis, fatigue, cyanosis, apnea and cardiac arrest. May cause central nervous system depression and other central nervous system effects including incoordination, impaired mental and physical abilities, speech impairment, unconsciousness, coma and death. Lung irritation may lead to chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. May cause reversible liver and kidney damage.

**Ingestion:** Harmful if swallowed. Causes irritation of the digestive tract with nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. May cause reversible liver and kidney damage. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting causing lung inflammation and chemical pneumonitis, which may be fatal. Symptoms of aspiration into the lungs include coughing, gasping, choking, shortness of breath, bluish colored skin, rapid breathing and rapid heart rate.

**Chronic**: Individuals with pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis or aggravate existing skin conditions. Chronic exposure may cause reversible

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eye damage, dyspnea (labored breathing), confusion, dizziness, apprehension, memory loss, headache, tremors, weakness, anorexia, nausea, tinnitus, irritability, thirst, mild changed in liver function, kidney impairment, anemia and hyperplasia, but not destruction of the bone marrow. Effects may be delayed. Impaired central nervous system functions from pre-existing disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. Xylene is a confirmed animal carcinogen. Ethylbenzene is a possible human carcinogen. Exposure to this product may harm the unborn child. Refer to Section 11.2

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider active charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubation or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position.

# **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable methods of extinction:** Use extinguishing media such as water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam and dry chemical. **Unsuitable methods of extinction:** Water jets or streams may spread the fire. This material floats on water.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable liquid and vapor! Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Exposure to ignition sources (e.g. cell phones) can ignite vapors, causing a flash fire. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

**Explosion hazards**: Avoid sources of ignition. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air, especially in confined spaces. Ground and bond containers in storage and when container is in use.

#### 5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Be aware that burning liquid may float on water. Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

# **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spills create a slip hazard.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

DO NOT FLUSH SPILL DOWN THE DRAIN. Approach spill from upwind direction. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

# Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous

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when empty as they contain product residue. Do not cut, drill, weld, braze, solder grind or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep out of reach of children.

# 7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

# **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

# 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	100 ppm, 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	20 ppm; 87 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	100 ppm, 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
				150 ppm, 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
				800 ppm IDLH
108-88-3	Toluene	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	100 ppm; 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
				150 ppm; 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
				500 ppm IDLH
1330-20-7	Xylene	100 ppm; 245 mg/m³ TWA	100 ppm; 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	100 ppm; 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
		Skin		150 ppm; 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
				900 ppm IDLH

# 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering measures:** Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

**Individual protection measures:** Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

**Engineering measures:** Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

**Individual protection measures:** Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

**Hygiene measures:** Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

**Hand protection:** Wear Nitrile rubber gloves or those recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

**Skin protection:** Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection







# **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid

Odor Sweet, pungent aromatic hydrocarbon

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Odor Threshold} & 1 \text{ ppm (Xylene)} \\ \textbf{Molecular Weight} & 106.17 \text{ g/m (Xylenes)} \\ \textbf{Chemical Formula} & C_8H_{10} \text{ (Xylenes)} \\ \textbf{pH} & \text{No data available} \\ \end{array}$ 

Freezing/Melting Point -47.22 ° C (-53 °F)

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**Boiling Point Range** 136.67 - 143.33 ° C (278 - 290 °F)

Evaporation RateNo data availableFlammability (solid, gas)Not applicableFlash Point26.1 °C (79 °F)Autoignition Temperature465.56°C (870 °F)Decomposition TemperatureNo data available

Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) 1.1% (v)
Upper Explosive Limit (UEL) 6.6% (v)

Vapor Pressure 9 mm Hg @ 25 °C No data available **Vapor Density** 0.86 - 0.88 **Specific Gravity** Viscosity 0.59 cP Solubility in Water Insoluble Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)  $\log Pow = >4$ **Oxidizing Properties** Not applicable **Explosive Properties** Not applicable Volatiles by Weight @ 21 °C 100%

# 9.2 Other Data

No data available

# **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No special reactivity has been reported during normal conditions of handling and use.

# 10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid temperature extremes, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, strong acids, alkalis, rubber, various plastics

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products may include oxides of carbon.

# **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub>, rat: >4,000 mg/kg [estimated]

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC<sub>50</sub>, rat: >5,000 ppm, 4 h [estimated]

Acute dermal toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub>, rabbit: >17,800 mg/kg [estimated]

Skin irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Sensitization

No data available

Genotoxicity in vitro

No data available

Mutagenicity

No data available

Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

# Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to the auditory system through prolonged and repeated exposure

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#### Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.

#### 11.2 Further information

Ethylbenzene (CAS #100-41-0): IARC, Group 2B carcinogen - Possibly carcinogenic to humans; ACGIH, A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP or OSHA. Ethylbenzene may have teratogenic effects based upon results of laboratory experiments.

Toluene (CAS #108-88-3): IARC, Group 3 carcinogen - *Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans*. Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, NTP or OSHA. Breathing high levels of toluene during pregnancy has been shown to result in children with birth defects and to retard mental abilities and growth. There is evidence that exposure to toluene at work is associated with spontaneous abortion.

Case studies of persons abusing toluene suggest isolated incidences of adverse effects on the fetus including birth defects. Several studies of workers suggest long-term exposure may be related to small increases in spontaneous abortions and changes in some gonadotropic hormones. However, the weight of the evidence does not indicate toluene is a reproductive hazard to humans. Studies in laboratory animals indicate some changes in reproductive organs following high levels of exposure, but no significant effects on mating performance or reproduction were observed. In an epidemiologic study of toluene and pregnancy, occupational exposures to toluene were said to be associated with an increased incidence of renal, urinary, gastrointestinal and cardiac anomalies. Fetotoxicity (reduced fetal weight), behavioral effects (effects of learning and memory) and hearing loss (in males) were observed in the offspring of rats exposed to inhalation of toluene, in the absence of maternal toxicity.

Xylene (CAS #1330-20-7): IARC, Group 3 carcinogen - *Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans*. ACGIH, A4 - *Not classifiable as a human carcinogen*. Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP or OSHA. Xylene is a confirmed animal carcinogen. It is a developmental hazard and may harm the unborn child based on animal information. It has been associated with low birth weight or size and learning disabilities.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1 Toxicity

This product is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects in the environment. The discharge of small or large quantities of this product to the environment should be avoided.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is expected to biodegrade over time.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

The bioaccumulation potential for this product is low.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

#### 12.6 Other effects

#### Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to enter surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

# **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way via a licensed pharmaceutical waste contractor and in accordance with FDA and DEA regulations. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

RCRA U-Series: Toluene (CAS #108-88-3), U220 Xylene (CAS #1330-20-7), U239

# **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Note:** Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

Limited quantity for flammable liquids Packing Group III when inner packagings are not over 5.0 liters (1.3 gallons) net capacity each, packed in a strong outer packaging.

**USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk and Non-bulk** 

Proper Shipping Name Xylenes
Hazard Class 3
UN/NA UN1307

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**Packing Group** Ш

**NEAREG** Guide #130

Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.203; Bulk: 173.242 **Packaging Authorization** 

**Packaging Exceptions** 49 CFR 173.150

**IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation)** 

**Proper Shipping Name Xylenes Hazard Class** 3 ΠΝ/ΝΔ UN1307 **Packing Group** Ш **Marine Pollutant** Nο **FMS Number** F-E, S-D

ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

**Proper Shipping Name Xylenes Hazard Class** UN/NA UN1307 **Packing Group** 

**Quantity Limitations** 49 CFR 175.27 and 175.75 - Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 I; Passenger Aircraft: 60 I

RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)

**Proper Shipping Name Xylenes Hazard Class** UN/NA UN1307 **Packing Group** Ш

Drum Label(s)



# **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

# U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number Not listed

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number:

Toluene (CAS #108-88-3): List 2, DEA Chemical code 6594 - 35% by Weight or Volume; exports only; limit applies to toluene or any combination of acetone, ethyl ether, 2-butanone, methyl isobutyl ketone, and toluene if present in the mixture by summing the concentrations for each chemical.

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard, Acute health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Information: Ethylbenzene, Toluene and Xylene are subject to the reporting levels established by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains the following CERCLA reportable substances:

Ethylbenzene (CAS #100-41-4): RQ - 454 kg (1,000 lbs) Toluene (CAS #108-88-3): RQ - 454 kg (1,000 lbs)

Xylene (CAS #1330-20-7): RQ - 45.4 kg (100 lbs)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA)

Ethylbenzene, Toluene and Xylene are Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 ozone depletors.

This product does not contain Class 2 ozone depletors.

#### Clean Water Act (CWA)

Ethylbenzene, Toluene and Xylene Hazardous Substances listed under the CWA.

Ethylbenzene and Toluene are Priority Pollutants.

Ethylbenzene and Toluene Toxic pollutants.

# **U.S. State Regulations**

# California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

MARNING: This product will expose you to Ethylbenzene, which is known to the state of California to cause cancer. This product may expose you to Toluene, which is known to the state of California to cause birth defects or reproductive harm (developmental). For more information

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go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# Other U.S. State Inventories

Ethylbenzene (CAS #100-41-1) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: CA, DE, ID, IL, ME, MA, MN, NJ, NY, PA, RI, WA, WI.

Toluene (CAS #108-88-3) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: CA, DE, ID, IL, ME, MA, MI, MN, NJ, NY, NC, PA, RI, WA, WI.

*Xylene (CAS #1330-20-7)* is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: CA, DE, ID, ME, MA, MN, NJ, NY, PA, RI, WA.

#### Canada

# **WHMIS Hazard Classification**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Suspected of causing cancer and damaging the unborn child

Causes skin irritation and serious eye irritation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): Ethylbenzene, Toluene and Xylene are listed on the NPRI.

#### **European Economic Community**

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): 2 (hazardous to waters)

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

# **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

# **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**



C = safety glasses, gloves and an apron

#### **HMIS Hazard Rating Legend**

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

\* = Chronic Health Hazard

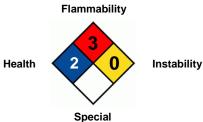
# NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

LD.

3 = High 4 = Extreme

# National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



#### Full Text of GHS Hazard Phrases Referenced in Section 3 (not covered in Section 2)

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hydienists

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H411 - Toxic to aquatic organisms with long lasting effects

Lowest Lethal Dose

# Abbreviation Key

**ACGIH** 

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	LD <sub>Lo</sub>	Lowest Lethal Dose
ADR	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning	mppcf	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
	the international transport of dangerous goods by road)		
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services	NA	North America
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
COC	Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC <sub>50</sub>	Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ErC <sub>50</sub>	Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
	Chemicals (GHS)		
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IC <sub>50</sub>	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMO	International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
LC <sub>50</sub>	50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
$LD_{50}$	50% Lethal Dose		

# **DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY**

The information herein is given in good faith and is believed to be accurate and correct; however, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made. CarKem

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Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage that may arise from the use of this material since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the suitability of this information for the adoption of the safety precautions as may be necessary. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State and local laws and regulations regarding use of this product. Vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material. We reserve the right to revise Safety Data Sheets from time to time as new technical information becomes available. The user has the responsibility to contact the company to make sure that the Safety Data Sheet is the latest issue.

Revision date: 14 February 2019, Version 3 Supersedes SDS dated: 4 February 2015, Version 2

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