

SAFETY DATA SHEET BP-142 Body Prep

Specializing in Professional Automotive/Marine Appearance and Reconditioning Products

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: BP-142 Body Prep

Product code(s): BP-142

Synonym(s): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 4

General use: Surface coating remover for new cars

Uses advised against: None known

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Distributor CarKem Products, Inc. 4275 Johns Parkway Sanford, FL 32771 USA

+1-713-468-5846; +1-866-576-5846

1.4 Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC, +1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) and Regulation EC No. 1272/2008

Flammable Liquid - Category 4 [H227] Aspiration Hazard - Category 1 [H304]

2.2 Label elements

Hazard symbol(s):



GHS0

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): H227 - Combustible liquid

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary statements:

[Prevention] P210 - Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

[Response] P301 + P330 + P331 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.

[Storage] P405 + P403 + P235 - Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

[Disposal] P501 - Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with national and local regulations.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Index Number	GHS Classification
100	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	108-88-3	203-625-9	601-021-00-3	H227, H304

There are no additional ingredients present in this product which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: If product mist or vapor causes respiratory irritation or distress, move the exposed person to fresh air immediately. If breathing is

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 1 of 7

BP-142 Body Prep

difficult or irregular, administer oxygen; if respiratory arrest occurs, start artificial respiration by trained personnel. If unconscious, maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If symptoms persist or if the victim feels unwell, seek medical attention.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water or saline solution for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do, after first 2 minutes and continue rinsing. If irritation persists seek medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Skin: Flush skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area with soap and water followed by thorough rinsing. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water if the victim is conscious. Remove dentures if present. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. To prevent aspiration of material into the lungs, lay the victim on one side with the head lower than the waist. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Do not leave the victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential health symptoms and effects

Eyes: May cause eye irritation with redness, discomfort and tearing. Mist or vapor can cause eye irritation.

Skin: Prolonged and repeated contact with unprotected skin may cause skin irritation with localized redness, itching and discomfort. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Inhalation: Vapor from this product may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May be harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. May cause cyanosis.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting abdominal pain and diarrhea. May cause headache, dizziness and central nervous system depression. Aspiration of material during swallowing or vomiting can result in lung inflammation or other lung injury. Symptoms of aspiration into the lungs include coughing, gasping, choking, shortness of breath, bluish colored skin, rapid breathing and rapid heart rate.

Chronic: Pre-existing disorders of the skin and respiratory system may be aggravated by exposure to this product. Prolonged and repeated skin exposure may result in drying or defatting of skin and dermatitis.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to light petroleum products with irreversible brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Advice to doctor and hospital personnel

Treat symptomatically and supportively. If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider active charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubation or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable methods of extinction: Water jets or streams may spread the fire. Material will float and may ignite on the surface of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid. Closed containers may explode due to the buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent or may be delayed. Obtain medical attention.

Rags soaked with any solvent can present a fire hazard and should be stored in UL listed or Factory Mutual approved, covered containers. Improperly stored rags, under certain conditions can lead to spontaneous combustion

Explosion hazards: Avoid sources of ignition and hot surfaces. A vapor/air mixture can create an explosion hazard in confined spaces such as sewers.

5.3 Advice to firefighters

Firefighters should wear full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Be aware that burning liquid may float on water. Firefighters must control runoff to prevent environmental contamination. Notify appropriate authorities of potential fire and explosion hazard if liquid enters sewers or waterways.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment designated in Section 8.2. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. NO SMOKING. Clean up spills immediately. Spills create a slip hazard.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material or runoff and prevent contact with soil and entry into drains, sewers or waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements.

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 2 of 7

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

DO NOT FLUSH SPILLS DOWN THE DRAIN. Approach spill from upwind direction. Cover drains and contain spill. Cover spill with a large quantity of inert absorbent. Do not use combustible material such as sawdust. Collect material using non-sparking tools and place into an approved container for proper disposal. Observe possible material restrictions (Sections 7.2 and 10.5). Do not allow material or runoff from rinsing contaminated areas to enter floor drains or storm drains and ditches that lead to waterways. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents).

This product is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and under the Oil Pollution Act (OPA). In the USA discharges or spills of material on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wear all appropriate personal protective equipment specified in Section 8.2. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not inhale mist or vapor. NO SMOKING. If normal use of material presents a respiratory hazard, use only adequate ventilation or wear an appropriate respirator. Open containers slowly to control possible pressure release. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from high temperatures, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Vapors are heavier than air and can travel along the ground to a source of ignition and flash back.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated areas away from incompatible materials (see Section 10.5), food and drink. Keep away from heat and ignition sources. Transfer only to approved containers having correct labeling. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers against physical damage. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Containers are hazardous when empty as they contain product residue. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Ventilate closed areas. Keep out of reach of children.

7.3 Specific end uses

Apart from the uses mentioned in Section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS Number	Ingredient	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH
64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		200 mg/m ³ TWA	100 mg/m ³

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

Individual protection measures: Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

Engineering measures: Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. Use adequate ventilation. Local exhaust is preferable. Refer to Section 7.1.

Individual protection measures: Wear protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged contact with product. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of hazardous substances handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be enquired at the representative supplier.

Hygiene measures: Facilities storing or using this material should be equipped with an eyewash station and safety shower. Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking, smoking or using the lavatory.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with unperforated side shields or protective splash goggles during use.

Hand protection: Wear gloves recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 3. Gloves should be impermeable to chemicals and oil. Breakthrough time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Skin protection: Wear protective clothing. Wear protective boots if the situation requires.

Respiratory protection: Always use an approved respirator when vapor/aerosols exceed permissible exposure limits. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a half-mask respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Follow OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Environmental exposure controls: Do not empty into drains.

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 3 of 7

PPE must not be considered a long-term solution to exposure control. PPE usage must be accompanied by employer programs to properly select, maintain, clean fit and use. Consult a competent industrial hygiene resource to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection







SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid

Odor Characteristic, hydrocarbon-like

Odor ThresholdNo data availableMolecular WeightNot applicableChemical FormulaNot applicablepHNo data availableFreezing/Melting Point< -70 °C (< -94 °F)</th>

Boiling Point Range192 - 211 °C (376 - 412 °F)Evaporation Rate<1 [n-BuOAc =1]</th>Flammability (solid, gas)Not applicable

Flash Point 63 °C (145 °F) [average]

Autoignition Temperature 233 °C (453 °F)

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) 0.7% (v)
Upper Explosive Limit (UEL) 7.0% (v)

Vapor Pressure 0.32 mm Hg @ 20 °C [calculated]

Vapor Density 5.4 [Air = 1]

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Density} & 0.803 \text{ g/ml} @ 15.5 \text{ °C} \\ \textbf{Viscosity} & 108 \text{ cSt } @ 20 \text{ °C} \\ \textbf{Solubility in Water} & \text{Negligible } @ 20 \text{ °C} \\ \textbf{Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)} & \log P_{ow} = 3.3 \text{ - } 5.4 \\ \textbf{Oxidizing Properties} & \text{Not applicable} \\ \textbf{Explosive Properties} & \text{Not applicable} \\ \textbf{Volatiles by Weight } @ 21 \text{ °C} & 100\% \\ \end{array}$

9.2 Other Data

No data available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No special reactivity has been reported during normal conditions of handling and use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Avoid contact with oxidizing agents and halogens. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures, sources of ignition, hot surfaces, contact with incompatible materials.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, strong acids, strong bases, halogens and halogenated compounds

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including oxides of carbon and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity

 LD_{50} , rat: >5,000 mg/kg [calculated]

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC₅₀, rat: 35.7 mg/m³, 4 h [calculated]

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 4 of 7

BP-142 Body Prep

Acute dermal toxicity

LD₅₀, rabbit: 2,000 - 4,000 mg/kg [calculated]

Skin irritation

May cause skin irritation.

Eye irritation

Causes eye irritation.

Sensitization

No data available

Genotoxicity in vitro

No data available

Mutagenicity

No data available

Specific organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation, drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters the airways.

11.2 Further information

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to the 0.1% threshold (de minimis) is identified as a probable, possible, potential or confirmed carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP or OSHA. No data is available regarding the mutagenicity or teratogenicity of this product, nor is there any available data that indicated that it caused adverse developmental or fertility effects.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

This product contains components that are potentially toxic to freshwater and salt water ecosystems.

The hydrocarbons in this product are not toxic to fish but may coat gill structures resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water. They may be moderately toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration. They may cause gastrointestinal distress to birds and mammals through ingestion during pelage grooming. If applied to leaves, distillates may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration and respiration.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is expected to biodegrade over time.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

This material has the potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

This product is insoluble in water and floats on water. Absorbs to soil. It moves slowly in soil and water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

12.6 Other effects

Additional ecological information

Do not allow material to enter surface waters, wastewater or soil.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way via a licensed pharmaceutical waste contractor and in accordance with FDA and DEA regulations. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA F-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis) RCRA U-Series: No listings above the reportable threshold (de minimis)

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: Transportation information provided is for reference only. Customer is urged to consult 49 CFR 100 - 177, IMDG, IATA, EC, United Nations TDG and WHMIS (Canada) TDG information manuals for detailed regulations and exceptions covering specific container sizes, packaging materials and methods of shipping.

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 5 of 7

May be reclassified as not regulated for transport in non-bulk packages having a maximum capacity less than or equal to 450 liters (119 gallons).

USA DOT (Ground Transportation) - Bulk

Proper Shipping Name Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)

 Hazard Class
 Comb liq

 UN/NA
 NA1993

 Packing Group
 III

 NEAREG
 Guide #128

Packaging Authorization Non-Bulk: 49 CFR 173.203; Bulk: 173.241

Packaging Exceptions 49 CFR 173.150

IMO/IMDG (Water Transportation) Not regulated for transport (Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk.)

ICAO/IATA (Air Transportation)

Not regulated for transport

RID/ADR (Rail Transportation)

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for substance or mixture

U. S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: All substances in this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory. This product is not subject to TSCA 12(b) Export Notification.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b)) and 1310.4(f)(2)) and Chemical Code Number Not listed

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Lists 1 & 2, Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) and Code Number: None listed

Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) Chemicals: Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard, Acute health Hazard

SARA 313 Information: None of the components of this product exceed the reporting levels established by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: None of the components of this product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains no CERCLA reportable substances.

Clean Air Act (CAA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) designated in CAA Section 112 (b).

This product does not contain Class 1 ozone depletors.

This product does not contain Class 2 ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

This product does not contain Hazardous Substances listed under the CWA.

Toluene is a Priority Pollutant.

Toluene is a Toxic pollutant.

U.S. State Regulations

California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

⚠WARNING: Combustion products emitted when this product is burning may contain substances known to the state of California to cause birth defects or reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other U.S. State Inventories

None of the components of this product are listed on any State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists.

<u>Canada</u>

WHMIS Hazard Classification

Combustible liquid May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): None of the components of this product are listed on the NPRI.

European Economic Community

WGK, Germany (Water danger/protection): No data available

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 6 of 7

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH 1 FLAMMABILITY 2 PHYSICAL HAZARD 0 PERSONAL PROTECTION B

B = safety glasses & gloves

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

HMIS Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

3 = Serious 4 = Severe

* = Chronic Health Hazard

NFPA Hazard Rating Legend

0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate

LDL

Lowest Lethal Dose

3 = High 4 = Extreme

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Instability

Special

Abbreviation Key

ACGIH

ACGIII	American Conference of Governmental industrial riggierists	LDLo	Lowest Lethal Dose
ADR	Accord Dangereux Routier (European regulations concerning	mppcf	Millions of Particles Per Cubic Foot
	the international transport of dangerous goods by road)		
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services	NA	North America
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	NAERG	North American Emergency Response Guide Book
COC	Cleveland Open Cup	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
DOT	Department of Transportation	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Half maximal effective concentration	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
EMS	Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulating and Toxic
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ErC ₅₀	Reduction of Growth Rate	PMCC	Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
ERG	Emergency Response Guide Book	ppm	Parts Per Million
FDA	Food and Drug Administration	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of	RID	Dangerous Goods by Rail
	Chemicals (GHS)		
HCS	Hazard Communication Standard	RQ	Reportable Quantity
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TCC/Tag	Tagliabue Closed Cup
IATA	International Air Transport Association	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IC ₅₀	Half Maximal Inhibitory Concentration	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization	TWA	Time-weighted Average
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	UN	United Nations
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
IMO	International Maritime Organization	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulating
LC ₅₀	50% Lethal Concentration	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LD_{50}	50% Lethal Dose		

DISCLAIMER OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information herein is given in good faith and is believed to be accurate and correct; however, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made. CarKem Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage that may arise from the use of this material since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the suitability of this information for the adoption of the safety precautions as may be necessary. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State and local laws and regulations regarding use of this product. Vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of this material. We reserve the right to revise Safety Data Sheets from time to time as new technical information becomes available. The user has the responsibility to contact the company to make sure that the Safety Data Sheet is the latest issue.

Revision date: 13 February 2019, Version 3

Supersedes SDS dated: 06 February 2015, Version 2

<end of document>

Effective Date: 13 February 2019 CAR KEM PRODUCTS, INC. Page 7 of 7

BP-142 Body Prep